

Intelligence

- Genetic potential for learning and reasoning; established at birth.
- The entire area of knowledge and skills a person has.

Galton - cousin of Charles Darwin.

- Upset with individual differences.
- The larger the head the more intelligent you are.

Binet - French

- Hired by the French government.
- First to do the intelligence test.
- He came up with thousands of questions and then asked children if they could answer them.
- The very first was developed is Stanford Binet intelligence test.

Intelligence quotient - I.Q

$$I.Q = ma / ca \times 100$$

ma = mental age ca = chronological age.

ma - How can this age group answer?

ca - How old are you according to your birth?

140+ - 1% of population

120 - 139 = 11%

90 - 109 = 46%

110 - 119 = 18%

80 - 89 = 15%

79 = 9%

Self-fulfilling prophecies (Rosenthal)

- Went to grade school with a bogus test to get fake scores.
- Gave fake scores. 20% gave label.
- Came back at the end of the year, gave real tests to the one's with labels. Really did have better scores.

Wechsler - IQ test that is used more frequently.

WAIS - Wechsler Adult Intelligence Scale

Object Assembly + Picture Arrangement + Block Design + Word Problems + Digits Backwards.

Age and IQ

As you grow older do you lose your IQ?

Cross-Sectional Research - When data is collected simultaneously from people of different ages.

Cohort - age group.

1 Problem!

⊙ Different Cohorts have different backgrounds.

Longitudinal Research - When you test a group of people in their life span several times.

1 Problem!

Mortality Effect - fewer people can be tested over time.

Hereditary v.s Environment - Can be increased over time.

Identical twins do have more similar I.Q's than fraternal whether they are raised apart or together.