# --- Main Idea ---



#### **Different Elements— Different Numbers of Protons**

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# **Neutrons and Isotopes**

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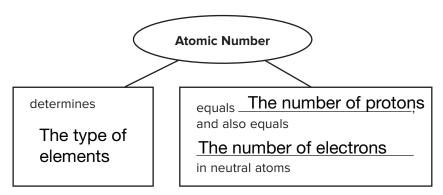
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## ----- Details

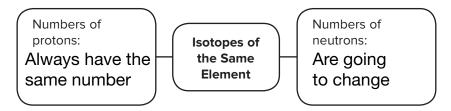
**Distinguish** parts of the atom.

Part	Electron	Proton	Neutron		
Symbol	7	7,			
Charge	1,	1	Ď		
Location	Electron cloud	d nucleus.	Nucleus		
Relative Mass	1/1,840.	1	1		

**Relate** *details about* atomic number.



**Differentiate** numbers of protons and neutrons in different isotopes of the same element.



**Contrast** the numbers of particles represented by an element's mass number and atomic number.

Atomic Number	Mass Number			
Some protons	Some neutrons			

### Lesson 2 | Protons, Neutrons, and Electrons—How Atoms Differ (continued)

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found this on page	<b>Define</b> average atomic mass.
	The average mass of an elements isotopes, weighted according to the abundance of each isotope
Radioactivity I found this on page	<b>Differentiate</b> three types of nuclear decay that occur in radioactive elements.

Туре	Change	Result			
Alpha decay	Two protons and neutrons	New elements atomic number decreased by two			
Beta decay	Neutrons becomes a proton	New elements atomic number increase by one			
Gamma decay	Release of the gamma rays	Same elements no change in the protons			

### Ions—Gaining or Losing **Electrons** I found this on page

**Contrast** *the formation of* ions.

Positive Ion	Negative Ion		
A neutral atom	A neutral atom		
Loses one or more Electrons	-Gains one or more Electrons		
Result:	Result:		
The atom has a positive charge	The negative becomes a positive		

Synthesize It Summarize why people were unsuccessful over 1,000 years ago when they
tried to transform lead into gold. What process would they have needed to complete in order to
have been successful?

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